

acc. to 29 CFR 1910.1200 App D

D35 One Step

version number GHS 2.0. revision 2018-11-01.

SECTION 1: Identification

1.1 Product identifier

Trade name D35 One Step

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Relevant identified uses Vehicle polish

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

B&B Blending, LLC 10963 Leroy Drive Northglenn CO 80233 United States

telephone

1.800.875.6320, 1.303.289.6320 e-mail: info@bbblending.com

website

bbblending.com

e-mail (competent person) Btirrell@bbblending.com

(Beth Tirrell)

1.4 Emergency telephone number

Emergency information service USA 1.800.535.5053, INTL 1.352.323.3500

24 hour emergency number

SECTION 2: Hazard(s) identification

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Classification acc. to OSHA "Hazard Communication Standard" (29 CFR 1910.1200)

Section	Hazard class	Cat- egory	Hazard class and category	Hazard state- ment
A.2	Skin corrosion/irritation	2	Skin Irrit. 2	H315
A.7	Reproductive toxicity	2	Repr. 2	H361f
A.9	Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure	1	STOT RE 1	H372
B.6	Flammable liquid	4	Flam. Liq. 4	H227

For full text of abbreviations: see SECTION 16

The most important adverse physicochemical, human health and environmental effects

Delayed or immediate effects can be expected after short or long-term exposure. The product is combustible and can be ignited by potential ignition sources. The mixture contains a substance that was identified as a PBT (persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic). The mixture contains a substance that was identified as vPvB (very persistent and very bioaccumulative).

Additional information

Containing a PBT-/vPvB-substance in a concentration of $\geq 0.1\%$.

2.2 Label elements

Labelling acc. to OSHA "Hazard Communication Standard" (29 CFR 1910.1200)

Signal word Danger

United States Page 1 /17



acc. to 29 CFR 1910.1200 App D

D35 One Step

version number GHS 2.0. revision 2018-11-01.

Pictograms

GHS07, GHS08



Hazard statements

H227 Combustible liquid.H315 Causes skin irritation.

H361f Suspected of damaging fertility.

H372 Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Precautionary statements

P201 Obtain special instructions before use.

P202 Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.

P210 Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No

smoking.

P260 Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray.
P270 Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.

P280 Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.

P281 Wear personal protective equipment/face protection.

P302+P352 If on skin: Wash with plenty of water.

P308+P313 If exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention.

P314 Get medical advice/attention if you feel unwell.

P321 Specific treatment (see on this label).

P332+P313 If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention.

Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.

P370+P378 In case of fire: Use sand, carbon dioxide or powder extinguisher to extinguish.

P403+P235 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.

P405 Store locked up.

P501 Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international

regulations.

Hazardous ingredients for labelling

Octamethylcyclotetrasiloxane

Stoddard solvent

2.3 Other hazards

This material is combustible, but will not ignite readily. Special danger of slipping by leaking/spilling product.

Hazards not otherwise classified

Contains reaction mass of: 5-chloro-2-methyl-4-isothiazolin-3-one and 2-methyl-2H -isothiazol-3-one (3:1). May produce an allergic reaction.

May be harmful if inhaled (GHS category 5: acutely toxic - inhalation).

Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects (GHS category 1: aquatic toxicity - acute and/or chronic).

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.1 Substances

Not relevant (mixture).

3.2 Mixtures

Description of the mixture

Hazardous ingredients acc. to GHS

Name of substance	Identifier	Wt%	Classification acc. to GHS	Notes
stoddard solvent	CAS No 8052-41-3 64742-47-8	12-<20	Acute Tox. 3 / H331 Skin Irrit. 2 / H315 STOT RE 1 / H372 Asp. Tox. 1 / H304 Flam. Liq. 3 / H226	

United States Page 2 /17



acc. to 29 CFR 1910.1200 App D

D35 One Step

version number GHS 2.0. revision 2018-11-01.

Hazardous ingredients acc. to GHS						
Name of substance	Identifier	Wt%	Classification acc. to GHS	Notes		
distillates (petroleum) hydro- treated, light	CAS No 64742-47-8	3-<12	Asp. Tox. 1 / H304			
octamethylcyclotetrasiloxane	CAS No 556-67-2	3-<12	Repr. 2 / H361f Flam. Liq. 3 / H226	PBT vPvB		
decamethylcyclopentasilox- ane	CAS No 541-02-6	0.1 - < 1	Flam. Liq. 4 / H227	PBT vPvB		
reaction mass of: 5-chloro-2- methyl-4-isothiazolin-3-one and 2-methyl-2H -isothiazol- 3-one (3:1)	CAS No 55965-84-9	< 0.1	Acute Tox. 3 / H301 Acute Tox. 3 / H311 Acute Tox. 3 / H331 Skin Corr. 1B / H314 Eye Dam. 1 / H318 Skin Sens. 1 / H317			

Notes

PBT: The substance was identified as a PBT (persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic) vPvB: The substance was identified as a vPvB (very persistent and very bioaccumulative)

For full text of abbreviations: see SECTION 16

SECTION 4: First-aid measures

4.1 Description of first- aid measures General notes

Do not leave affected person unattended. Remove victim out of the danger area. Keep affected person warm, still and covered. Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. In all cases of doubt, or when symptoms persist, seek medical advice. In case of unconsciousness place person in the recovery position. Never give anything by mouth.

Following inhalation

If breathing is irregular or stopped, immediately seek medical assistance and start first aid actions. In case of respiratory tract irritation, consult a physician. Provide fresh air.

Following skin contact

Wash with plenty of soap and water.

Following eye contact

Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

Following ingestion

Rinse mouth with water (only if the person is conscious). Do NOT induce vomiting.

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Symptoms and effects are not known to date.

4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

none

United States Page 3 /17



acc. to 29 CFR 1910.1200 App D

D35 One Step

version number GHS 2.0. revision 2018-11-01.

SECTION 5: Fire-fighting measures

5.1 Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media

Water spray. BC-powder. Carbon dioxide (CO2).

Unsuitable extinguishing media

Water jet.

5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

In case of insufficient ventilation and/or in use, may form flammable/explosive vapor-air mixture. Solvent vapors are heavier than air and may spread along floors. Places which are not ventilated, e.g. unventilated below ground level areas such as trenches, conduits and shafts, are particularly prone to the presence of flammable substances or mixtures.

Hazardous combustion products

Nitrogen oxides (NOx). Carbon monoxide (CO). Carbon dioxide (CO2).

5.3 Advice for firefighters

In case of fire and/or explosion do not breathe fumes. Co-ordinate firefighting measures to the fire surroundings. Do not allow firefighting water to enter drains or water courses. Collect contaminated firefighting water separately. Fight fire with normal precautions from a reasonable distance.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel

Remove persons to safety.

For emergency responders

Wear breathing apparatus if exposed to vapors/dust/aerosols/gases.

6.2 Environmental precautions

Keep away from drains, surface and ground water. Retain contaminated washing water and dispose of it.

6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Advices on how to contain a spill

Covering of drains.

Advices on how to clean up a spill

Wipe up with absorbent material (e.g. cloth, fleece). collect spillage

sawdust

kieselgur (diatomite)

sand

universal binder

Appropriate containment techniques

Use of adsorbent materials.

Other information relating to spills and releases

Place in appropriate containers for disposal. Ventilate affected area.

6.4 Reference to other sections

Hazardous combustion products: see section 5. Personal protective equipment: see section 8. Incompatible materials: see section 10. Disposal considerations: see section 13.

United States Page 4/17



acc. to 29 CFR 1910.1200 App D

D35 One Step

version number GHS 2.0. revision 2018-11-01.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Recommendations

Measures to prevent fire as well as aerosol and dust generation

Use local and general ventilation. Avoidance of ignition sources. Keep away from sources of ignition - No smoking. Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Use only in well-ventilated areas. Due to danger of explosion, prevent leakage of vapours into cellars, flues and ditches. Ground/bond container and receiving equipment. Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting/equipment. Use only non-sparking tools.

Specific notes/details

Places which are not ventilated, e.g. unventilated below ground level areas such as trenches, conduits and shafts, are particularly prone to the presence of flammable substances or mixtures. Vapors are heavier than air, spread along floors and form explosive mixtures with air. Vapors may form explosive mixtures with air.

Advice on general occupational hygiene

Wash hands after use. Do not eat, drink and smoke in work areas. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. Never keep food or drink in the vicinity of chemicals. Never place chemicals in containers that are normally used for food or drink. Keep away from food, drink and animal feedingstuffs.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Managing of associated risks

Explosive atmospheres

Keep container tightly closed and in a well-ventilated place. Use local and general ventilation. Keep cool. Protect from sunlight.

Flammability hazards

Keep away from sources of ignition - No smoking, Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Protect from sunlight.

Control of the effects

Protect against external exposure, such as

Ventilation requirements

Use local and general ventilation. Ground/bond container and receiving equipment.

7.3 Specific end use(s)

See section 16 for a general overview.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1 **Control parameters**

Occupational exposure limit values (Workplace Exposure Limits)

Cou ntry	Name of agent	CAS No	lden tifier	TWA [ppm]	TWA [mg/ m³]	STEL [ppm]	STEL [mg/ m³]	Ceil- ing-C [ppm]	Ceil- ing-C [mg/ m³]	Nota tion	Sour ce
US	alpha-Alumina	1344-28- 1	REL							appx- D	NIOS H REL
US	alpha-alumina	1344-28- 1	PEL		15					i, dust	29 CFR 1910.1 000

Page 5/17 **United States**



acc. to 29 CFR 1910.1200 App D

D35 One Step

version number GHS 2.0. revision 2018-11-01.

Occupational exposure limit values (Workplace Exposure Limits)											
Cou ntry	Name of agent	CAS No	Iden tifier	TWA [ppm]	TWA [mg/ m³]	STEL [ppm]	STEL [mg/ m³]	Ceil- ing-C [ppm]	Ceil- ing-C [mg/ m³]	Nota tion	Sour ce
US	alpha-alumina	1344-28- 1	PEL		5					r, dust	29 CFR 1910.1 000
US	aluminium oxide	1344-28- 1	PEL (CA)		10					dust	Cal/ OSHA PEL
US	aluminium oxide	1344-28- 1	PEL (CA)		5					r	Cal/ OSHA PEL
US	stoddard solvent	8052-41- 3	PEL (CA)	100	525						Cal/ OSHA PEL
US	stoddard solvent	8052-41- 3	REL		350 (10 h)				1,800 (15 min)		NIOS H REL
US	stoddard solvent	8052-41- 3	PEL	500	2,900						29 CFR 1910.1 000

Notation

appx-D See Appendix D - Substances with No Established RELs

Ceiling-C Ceiling value is a limit value above which exposure should not occur

dust As dusti Inhalable fractionr Respirable fraction

STEL Short-term exposure limit: a limit value above which exposure should not occur and which is related to a 15-minute period

(unless otherwise specified)

TWA Time-weighted average (long-term exposure limit): measured or calculated in relation to a reference period of 8 hours time-

weighted average (unless otherwise specified

Relevant DNELs of components of the mixture Used in Name of sub-**CAS No** Threshold Protection goal, **Exposure time** Endstance point level route of exposure 8052-41-3 stoddard solvent DNEL 44 mg/m³ human, inhalatory worker (industry) chronic - systemic 64742-47-8 effects stoddard solvent 8052-41-3 **DNEL** 55 mg/m³ human, inhalatory worker (industry) acute - systemic 64742-47-8 effects 8052-41-3 **DNEL** chronic - local efstoddard solvent 44 mg/m³ human, inhalatory worker (industry) 64742-47-8 fects stoddard solvent 8052-41-3 **DNEL** 55 mg/m³ human, inhalatory acute - local efworker (industry) 64742-47-8 fects stoddard solvent 8052-41-3 DNEL 80 mg/kg human, dermal worker (industry) chronic - systemic 64742-47-8 bw/day effects stoddard solvent 8052-41-3 **DNEL** 30 mg/kg human, dermal worker (industry) acute - systemic 64742-47-8 bw/day effects octamethylcyclotet-**DNEL** 556-67-2 73 mg/m³ human, inhalatory worker (industry) chronic - systemic rasiloxane effects

United States Page 6 /17



acc. to 29 CFR 1910.1200 App D

D35 One Step

version number GHS 2.0. revision 2018-11-01.

Relevant DNELs of components of the mixture							
Name of sub- stance	CAS No	End- point	Threshold level	Protection goal, route of expos- ure	Used in	Exposure time	
octamethylcyclotet- rasiloxane	556-67-2	DNEL	73 mg/m ³	human, inhalatory	worker (industry)	acute - systemic effects	
octamethylcyclotet- rasiloxane	556-67-2	DNEL	73 mg/m ³	human, inhalatory	worker (industry)	chronic - local ef- fects	
octamethylcyclotet- rasiloxane	556-67-2	DNEL	73 mg/m ³	human, inhalatory	worker (industry)	acute - local ef- fects	
decamethylcyclo- pentasiloxane	541-02-6	DNEL	97.3 mg/m ³	human, inhalatory	worker (industry)	chronic - systemic effects	
decamethylcyclo- pentasiloxane	541-02-6	DNEL	97.3 mg/m ³	human, inhalatory	worker (industry)	acute - systemic effects	
decamethylcyclo- pentasiloxane	541-02-6	DNEL	24.2 mg/m ³	human, inhalatory	worker (industry)	chronic - local ef- fects	
decamethylcyclo- pentasiloxane	541-02-6	DNEL	24.2 mg/m ³	human, inhalatory	worker (industry)	acute - local ef- fects	

Relevant PNECs of components of the mixture

Name of sub- stance	CAS No	End- point	Threshold level	Organism	Environment- al compart- ment	Exposure time
stoddard solvent	8052-41-3 64742-47-8	PNEC	0.14 ^{mg} / _l	aquatic organisms	freshwater	short-term (single instance)
stoddard solvent	8052-41-3 64742-47-8	PNEC	0.35 ^{mg} / _l	aquatic organisms	marine water	short-term (single instance)
stoddard solvent	8052-41-3 64742-47-8	PNEC	1.14 ^{mg} / _{kg}	aquatic organisms	freshwater sedi- ment	short-term (single instance)
stoddard solvent	8052-41-3 64742-47-8	PNEC	0.14 ^{mg} / _{kg}	aquatic organisms	marine sediment	short-term (single instance)
octamethylcyclotet- rasiloxane	556-67-2	PNEC	10 ^{mg} / _l	microorganisms	sewage treatment plant (STP)	short-term (single instance)
octamethylcyclotet- rasiloxane	556-67-2	PNEC	0.059 ^{mg} / _{kg}	pelagic organisms	sediment	short-term (single instance)
octamethylcyclotet- rasiloxane	556-67-2	PNEC	1.7 ^{mg} / _{kg}	(top) predators	water	short-term (single instance)
octamethylcyclotet- rasiloxane	556-67-2	PNEC	0.44 ^{µg} / _l	aquatic organisms	freshwater	short-term (single instance)
octamethylcyclotet- rasiloxane	556-67-2	PNEC	0.044 ^{µg} / _I	aquatic organisms	marine water	short-term (single instance)
octamethylcyclotet- rasiloxane	556-67-2	PNEC	10 ^{mg} / _l	aquatic organisms	sewage treatment plant (STP)	short-term (single instance)
octamethylcyclotet- rasiloxane	556-67-2	PNEC	3 ^{mg} / _{kg}	aquatic organisms	freshwater sedi- ment	short-term (single instance)
octamethylcyclotet- rasiloxane	556-67-2	PNEC	0.3 ^{mg} / _{kg}	aquatic organisms	marine sediment	short-term (single instance)
octamethylcyclotet- rasiloxane	556-67-2	PNEC	0.59 ^{mg} / _{kg}	benthic organisms	sediment	short-term (single instance)

United States Page 7 /17



acc. to 29 CFR 1910.1200 App D

D35 One Step

version number GHS 2.0. revision 2018-11-01.

Relevant PNECs of components of the mixture Name of sub-CAS No Threshold **Environment-Exposure time** End-**Organism** stance level point al compartment $0.16 \frac{\text{mg}}{\text{kg}}$ octamethylcyclotet-556-67-2 **PNEC** terrestrial organisms short-term (single soil rasiloxane instance) decamethylcyclo-541-02-6 **PNEC** 10 ^{mg}/_I microorganisms sewage treatment short-term (single instance) pentasiloxane plant (STP) $11 \frac{\text{mg}}{\text{kg}}$ decamethylcyclo-541-02-6 **PNEC** short-term (single benthic organisms sediment pentasiloxane instance) 541-02-6 **PNEC** 13 ^{mg}/_{ka} decamethylcyclo-(top) predators water short-term (single pentasiloxane instance) $1.1 \frac{\text{mg}}{\text{kg}}$ decamethylcyclo-541-02-6 **PNEC** sediment short-term (single pelagic organisms pentasiloxane instance) $1.2\ ^{\mu g}/_{l}$ decamethylcyclo-541-02-6 **PNEC** short-term (single aquatic organisms freshwater pentasiloxane instance) 541-02-6 **PNEC** $0.12 \, \mu g/I$ decamethylcycloaquatic organisms marine water short-term (single pentasiloxane instance) 541-02-6 **PNEC** 10 ^{mg}/₁ short-term (single decamethylcycloaquatic organisms sewage treatment pentasiloxane instance) plant (STP) $11 \frac{\text{mg}}{\text{kg}}$ decamethylcyclo-541-02-6 **PNEC** freshwater sedishort-term (single aquatic organisms pentasiloxane instance) ment 541-02-6 **PNEC** $1.1 \frac{\text{mg}}{\text{kg}}$ decamethylcycloaquatic organisms marine sediment short-term (single pentasiloxane instance) decamethylcyclo-541-02-6 **PNEC** $1.27 \frac{mg}{ka}$ terrestrial organisms short-term (single soil pentasiloxane instance)

8.2 Exposure controls

Appropriate engineering controls

General ventilation.

Individual protection measures (personal protective equipment)

Eye/face protection

Wear eye/face protection.

Skin protection

Hand protection

Wear suitable gloves. Chemical protection gloves are suitable, which are tested according to EN 374. Check leak-tightness/impermeability prior to use. In the case of wanting to use the gloves again, clean them before taking off and air them well. For special purposes, it is recommended to check the resistance to chemicals of the protective gloves mentioned above together with the supplier of these gloves.

Other protection measures

Take recovery periods for skin regeneration. Preventive skin protection (barrier creams/ointments) is recommended. Wash hands thoroughly after handling.

Respiratory protection

In case of inadequate ventilation wear respiratory protection.

Environmental exposure controls

Use appropriate container to avoid environmental contamination. Keep away from drains, surface and ground water.

United States Page 8 /17



acc. to 29 CFR 1910.1200 App D

D35 One Step

version number GHS 2.0. revision 2018-11-01.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties Appearance

Appearance			
Physical state	Liquid Viscous		
Color	Light green		
Odor	Fruity		
Other safety parameters			
PH (value)	8.2 (25 °C)		

PH (value)	8.2 (25 °C)
Melting point/freezing point	Not determined
Initial boiling point and boiling range	>65 °C at 1 atm
Flash point	63 °C at 101.3 kPa 146 °F at 1 atm
Evaporation rate	Not determined
Flammability (solid, gas)	Not relevant Fluid

Explosive limits

Lower explosion limit (LEL)	0.6 vol%
Upper explosion limit (UEL)	6 vol%
Vapor pressure	31.69 hPa at 25 °C
Density	1.009 ^g / _{ml}
Vapor density	This information is not available
Relative density	1 at 25 °C (water = 1)
Solubility(ies)	Not determined

Partition coefficient

- n-octanol/water (log KOW)	This information is not available
Auto-ignition temperature	215 °C

Viscosity

Kinematic viscosity	8,000 cSt at 25 °C

United States Page 9 /17



acc. to 29 CFR 1910.1200 App D

D35 One Step

version number GHS 2.0. revision 2018-11-01.

Explosive properties	None
Oxidizing properties	None

9.2 Other information

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1 Reactivity

Concerning incompatibility: see below "Conditions to avoid" and "Incompatible materials". The mixture contains reactive substance(s). Risk of ignition.

If heated

Risk of ignition.

10.2 Chemical stability

See below "Conditions to avoid".

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

No known hazardous reactions.

10.4 Conditions to avoid

Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.

Hints to prevent fire or explosion

Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting/equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against static discharge.

10.5 Incompatible materials

Oxidizers.

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

Reasonably anticipated hazardous decomposition products produced as a result of use, storage, spill and heating are not known. Hazardous combustion products: see section 5.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1 Information on toxicological effects

Test data are not available for the complete mixture.

Classification procedure

The method for classification of the mixture is based on ingredients of the mixture (additivity formula).

Classification acc. to OSHA "Hazard Communication Standard" (29 CFR 1910.1200) Acute toxicity

Shall not be classified as acutely toxic.

GHS of the United Nations, annex 4. May be harmful if inhaled.

United States Page 10 /17



acc. to 29 CFR 1910.1200 App D

D35 One Step

version number GHS 2.0. revision 2018-11-01.

Acute toxicity estimate (ATE) of components of the mixture				
Name of substance	CAS No	Exposure route	ATE	
reaction mass of: 5-chloro-2-methyl-4-isothiazolin-3- one and 2-methyl-2H -isothiazol-3-one (3:1)	55965-84-9	dermal	300 ^{mg} / _{kg}	
reaction mass of: 5-chloro-2-methyl-4-isothiazolin-3- one and 2-methyl-2H -isothiazol-3-one (3:1)	55965-84-9	inhalation: vapor	3 ^{mg} / _l /4h	

Skin corrosion/irritation

Causes skin irritation.

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Shall not be classified as seriously damaging to the eye or eye irritant.

Respiratory or skin sensitization

Contains reaction mass of: 5-chloro-2-methyl-4-isothiazolin-3-one and 2-methyl-2H -isothiazol-3-one (3:1). May produce an allergic reaction.

Germ cell mutagenicity

Shall not be classified as germ cell mutagenic.

Carcinogenicity

Shall not be classified as carcinogenic.

Reproductive toxicity

Suspected of damaging fertility.

Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure

Shall not be classified as a specific target organ toxicant (single exposure).

Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure

Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Aspiration hazard

Shall not be classified as presenting an aspiration hazard.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1 Toxicity

Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Aquatic toxicity (acute) of components of the mixture

Name of substance	CAS No	Endpoint	Value	Species	Exposure time
stoddard solvent	8052-41-3 64742-47-8	LC50	0.18 ^{mg} / _l	fish	96 h
stoddard solvent	8052-41-3 64742-47-8	LL50	41.4 ^{mg} / _l	fish	96 h
stoddard solvent	8052-41-3 64742-47-8	EL50	2.5 ^{mg} / _l	algae	96 h
stoddard solvent	8052-41-3 64742-47-8	EC50	0.58 ^{mg} / _l	algae	96 h
distillates (petroleum) hydrotreated, light	64742-47-8	LL50	5 ^{mg} / _l	fish	96 h
distillates (petroleum) hydrotreated, light	64742-47-8	EL50	1.4 ^{mg} / _l	aquatic invertebrates	48 h

United States Page 11 /17



acc. to 29 CFR 1910.1200 App D

D35 One Step

version number GHS 2.0. revision 2018-11-01.

Aquatic toxicity (acute) of components of the mixture					
Name of substance	CAS No	Endpoint	Value	Species	Exposure time
octamethylcyclotet- rasiloxane	556-67-2	LC50	>22 ^{µg} / _I	fish	96 h
octamethylcyclotet- rasiloxane	556-67-2	EC50	>1,000 ^{mg} / _I	aquatic invertebrates	96 h
decamethylcyclopentas- iloxane	541-02-6	LC50	>16 ^{µg} / _I	fish	96 h
decamethylcyclopentas- iloxane	541-02-6	EC50	>2.9 ^{µg} / _I	aquatic invertebrates	48 h

Aquatic toxicity (chronic) of components of the mixture Exposure time Name of substance CAS No **Endpoint** Value **Species** EL50 8052-41-3 $1.19 \frac{mg}{l}$ 21 d stoddard solvent aquatic invertebrates 64742-47-8 stoddard solvent 8052-41-3 EC50 $0.33 \frac{mg}{l}$ aquatic invertebrates 21 d 64742-47-8 distillates (petroleum) 64742-47-8 LL50 $17 \frac{mg}{l}$ fish 24 h hydrotreated, light distillates (petroleum) 64742-47-8 EL50 4.6 ^{mg}/_I aquatic invertebrates 24 h hydrotreated, light 556-67-2 LC50 $10^{\mu g}/_{l}$ fish 14 d octamethylcyclotetrasiloxane 556-67-2 EC50 $>500 \frac{mg}{l}$ aquatic invertebrates 24 h octamethylcyclotetrasiloxane decamethylcyclopentas-541-02-6 LC50 $>16 \, \mu g/_{l}$ fish 14 d iloxane decamethylcyclopentas-541-02-6 EC50 $>15 \, \mu g/_{l}$ aquatic invertebrates 21 d iloxane

12.2 Persistence and degradability

Data are not available.

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

The substance fulfills the very bioaccumulative criterion.

12.4 Mobility in soil

Data are not available.

12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

The mixture contains a substance that was identified as a PBT (persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic). The mixture contains a substance that was identified as vPvB (very persistent and very bioaccumulative).

United States Page 12 /17



acc. to 29 CFR 1910.1200 App D

D35 One Step

version number GHS 2.0. revision 2018-11-01.

12.6 Other adverse effects

Endocrine disrupting potential

The mixture contains substance(s) with an endocrine disrupting potential.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1 Waste treatment methods

Waste treatment-relevant information

Solvent reclamation/regeneration.

Sewage disposal-relevant information

Do not empty into drains. Avoid release to the environment. Refer to special instructions/safety data sheets.

Waste treatment of containers/packages

Completely emptied packages can be recycled. Handle contaminated packages in the same way as the substance itself.

Remarks

Please consider the relevant national or regional provisions. Waste shall be separated into the categories that can be handled separately by the local or national waste management facilities.

SECTION 14: Transport information

14.1	UN number	Not subject to transport regulations
14.2	UN proper shipping name	Not relevant
14.3	Transport hazard class(es)	None
14.4	Packing group	Not relevant
14.5	Environmental hazards	Non-environmentally hazardous acc. to the dangerous goods regulations

14.6 Special precautions for user

There is no additional information.

14.7 Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL and the IBC Code

The cargo is not intended to be carried in bulk.

14.8 Information for each of the UN Model Regulations

Transport of dangerous goods by road or rail (49 CFR US DOT)

Not subject to transport regulations.

International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code (IMDG)

Not subject to IMDG.

International Civil Aviation Organization (ICAO-IATA/DGR)

Not subject to ICAO-IATA.

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations specific for the product in question National regulations (United States)

Superfund Amendment and Reauthorization Act (SARA TITLE III)

The List of Extremely Hazardous Substances and Their Threshold Planning Quantities (EPCRA Section 302, 304)

none of the ingredients are listed

United States Page 13 /17



acc. to 29 CFR 1910.1200 App D

D35 One Step

version number GHS 2.0. revision 2018-11-01.

Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act (CERCLA)

List of Hazardous Substances and Reportable Quantities (CERCLA section 102a) (40 CFR 302.4)

none of the ingredients are listed

Clean Air Act

none of the ingredients are listed

New Jersey Worker and Community Right to Know Act

Right to Know Hazardous Substance List

Name acc. to inventory	CAS No	Remarks	Classifications
stoddard solvent	8052-41-3		F2

Legend

F2 Flammable - Second Degree

California Environmental Protection Agency (Cal/EPA): Proposition 65 - Safe Drinking Water and Toxic Enforcement Act of 1987

none of the ingredients are listed

Industry or sector specific available guidance(s)

NPCA-HMIS® III

Hazardous Materials Identification System. American Coatings Association.

Category	Rating	Description
Chronic	*	chronic (long-term) health effects may result from repeated overexposure
Health	2	temporary or minor injury may occur
Flammability	2	material that must be moderately heated or exposed to relatively high ambient temperat- ures before ignition can occur
Physical hazard	0	material that is normally stable, even under fire conditions, and will not react with water, polymerize, decompose, condense, or self-react. Non-explosive
Personal protection	-	

NFPA® 704

National Fire Protection Association: Standard System for the Identification of the Hazards of Materials for Emergency Response (United States).

Category	Degree of hazard	Description
Flammability	2	material that must be moderately heated or exposed to relatively high ambient temperat- ures before ignition can occur
Health	2	material that, under emergency conditions, can cause temporary incapacitation or residual injury
Instability	0	material that is normally stable, even under fire conditions
Special hazard		

15.2 Chemical Safety Assessment

Chemical safety assessments for substances in this mixture were not carried out.

United States Page 14 /17



acc. to 29 CFR 1910.1200 App D

D35 One Step

version number GHS 2.0. revision 2018-11-01.

SECTION 16: Other information, including date of preparation or last revision

Indication of changes (revised safety data sheet)

Section	Former entry (text/value)	Actual entry (text/value)	Safety- relev-
			ant
1.3	e-mail (competent person): Bblahnik@bbblending.com (Robert Blahnik)	e-mail (competent person): Btirrell@bbblending.com (Beth Tirrell)	yes
3.2		Hazardous ingredients acc. to GHS: change in the listing (table)	yes
4.1	Following eye contact: Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Irrigate copiously with clean, fresh water for at least 10 minutes, holding the eyelids apart.	Following eye contact: Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.	yes
8.1		Occupational exposure limit values (Workplace Exposure Limits): change in the listing (table)	yes
14.1	UN number: Not required Not subject to transport regulations	UN number: Not subject to transport regulations	yes
16		Abbreviations and acronyms: change in the listing (table)	yes

Abbreviations and acronyms

Abbr.	Descriptions of used abbreviations
29 CFR 1910.1000	29 CFR 1910.1000, Tables Z-1, Z-2, Z-3 - Occupational Safety and Health Standards: Toxic and Hazardous Substances (permissible exposure limits)
49 CFR US DOT	49 CFR § 40 U.S. Department of Transportation
Acute Tox.	Acute toxicity
Asp. Tox.	Aspiration hazard
ATE	Acute Toxicity Estimate
Cal/OSHA PEL	California Division of Occupational Safety and Health (Cal/OSHA): Permissible Exposure Limits (PELs)
CAS	Chemical Abstracts Service (service that maintains the most comprehensive list of chemical substances)
Ceiling-C	Ceiling value
DGR	Dangerous Goods Regulations (see IATA/DGR)
DNEL	Derived No-Effect Level
Eye Dam.	Seriously damaging to the eye
Eye Irrit.	Irritant to the eye
Flam. Liq.	Flammable liquid
GHS	"Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals" developed by the United Nations
IATA	International Air Transport Association
IATA/DGR	Dangerous Goods Regulations (DGR) for the air transport (IATA)
ICAO	International Civil Aviation Organization
IMDG	International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code

United States Page 15 /17



acc. to 29 CFR 1910.1200 App D

D35 One Step

version number GHS 2.0. revision 2018-11-01.

Abbr.	Descriptions of used abbreviations
MARPOL	International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships (abbr. of "Marine Pollutant")
NIOSH REL	National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health (NIOSH): Recommended Exposure Limits (RELs)
NPCA-HMIS® III	National Paint and Coatings Association: Hazardous Materials Identification System - HMIS® III, Third Edition
OSHA	Occupational Safety and Health Administration (United States)
PBT	Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic
PEL	Permissible exposure limit
PNEC	Predicted No-Effect Concentration
ppm	Parts per million
Repr.	Reproductive toxicity
RTECS	Registry of Toxic Effects of Chemical Substances (database of NIOSH with toxicological information)
Skin Corr.	Corrosive to skin
Skin Irrit.	Irritant to skin
Skin Sens.	Skin sensitization
STEL	Short-term exposure limit
STOT RE	Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure
TWA	Time-weighted average
vPvB	Very Persistent and very Bioaccumulative

Key literature references and sources for data

OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (HCS), 29 CFR 1910.1200.

Transport of dangerous goods by road or rail (49 CFR US DOT). International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code (IMDG). Dangerous Goods Regulations (DGR) for the air transport (IATA).

Classification procedure

Physical and chemical properties. The classification is based on tested mixture.

Health hazards. Environmental hazards. The method for classification of the mixture is based on ingredients of the mixture (additivity formula).

List of relevant phrases (code and full text as stated in chapter 2 and 3)

Code	Text
H226	Flammable liquid and vapor.
H227	Combustible liquid.
H301	Toxic if swallowed.
H304	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
H311	Toxic in contact with skin.
H314	Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.
H315	Causes skin irritation.
H317	May cause an allergic skin reaction.
H318	Causes serious eye damage.
H331	Toxic if inhaled.

United States Page 16 /17



acc. to 29 CFR 1910.1200 App D

D35 One Step

version number GHS 2.0. revision 2018-11-01.

Code	Text
H361f	Suspected of damaging fertility.
H372	Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Disclaimer

This information is based upon the present state of our knowledge. This SDS has been compiled and is solely intended for this product.

United States Page 17 /17