

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)

### A31 Wet Wax

Version number: GHS 1.0

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1	Product identifier				
	Trade name	A31 Wet Wax			
	Registration number (REACH)	not relevant (mixture)			
1.2	Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixtu	ire and uses advised against			
	Relevant identified uses	vehicle wax			
1.3	Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet				
1.5	B&B Blending, LLC 10963 Leroy Drive CO 80233 Northglenn United States				
	Telephone: 1.800.875.6320, 1.303.289.6320 Telefax: e-mail: info@bbblending.com Website: bbblending.com				
	Competent person responsible for the safety data sheet	Robert Blahnik			
	e-mail (competent person)	bblahnik@bbblending.com			
1.4	Emergency telephone number				
	Emergency information service	USA 1.800.535.5053, INTL 1.352.323.3500 This number is only available during the following of- fice hours: Mon-Fri 09:00 AM - 05:00 PM			

#### **SECTION 2: Hazards identification**

#### 2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

#### Classification according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 (CLP)

GHS chapter		-	Hazard class and category	- H	azard statement co	de(s)
3.5	germ	cell mutaç	genicity	Cat. 1B	(Muta. 1B)	H340
3.6	carcin	logenicity	-	Cat. 1B	(Carc. 1B)	H350
3.9	specif	ic target c	organ toxicity - repeated exposure	Cat. 1	(STOT RÉ 1)	H372
3.10	aspira	ation haza	rd	Cat. 1	(Asp. Tox. 1)	H304

#### Remarks

For full text of H-phrases: see SECTION 16.

#### The most important adverse physicochemical, human health and environmental effects

Delayed or immediate effects can be expected after short or long-term exposure.

#### 2.2 Label elements

Labelling according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 (CLP)

Signal word Danger

Date of compilation: 2015-06-12



according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)

## A31 Wet Wax

Date of compilation: 2015-06-12

Version number: GHS 1.0

### Pictograms

GHS08

#### Hazard statements

H304	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
H340	May cause genetic defects.
H350	May cause cancer.
H372	Causes damage to organs (central nervous system) through prolonged or repeated
	exposure.

#### **Precautionary statements**

#### **Precautionary statements - prevention**

P201	Obtain special instructions before use.
P260	Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray.

#### Precautionary statements - response

P301+P310	IF SWALLOWED: immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician.
P308+P313 P314	IF exposed or concerned: get medical advice/attention. Get medical advice/attention if you feel unwell.
P331	Do NOT induce vomiting.

#### Precautionary statements - disposal

P501 Dispose of contents/container to industrial combustion plant.

#### Hazardous ingredients for labelling:

Stoddard Solvent, Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light

#### 2.3 Other hazards

This material is combustible, but will not ignite readily.

#### SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

#### 3.1 Substances

not relevant (mixture)

#### 3.2 Mixtures

#### Description of the mixture

Name of sub- stance	Identifier	wt%	Classification acc. to 1272/2008/EC	Classification acc. to 67/548/EEC	Symbols
Stoddard Solvent	CAS No 8052-41-3 EC No 232-489-3	10 - < 25	Muta. 1B / H340 Carc. 1B / H350 STOT RE 1 / H372 Asp. Tox. 1 / H304	harmful; Xn; R48/20-65 carcinogenic; Carc. Cat. 2; R45 mutagenic; Muta. Cat. 2; R46	
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light	CAS No 64742-47-8 EC No 265-149-8	10 - < 25	Asp. Tox. 1 / H304	harmful; Xn; R65	×



according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)

### A31 Wet Wax

Date of compilation: 2015-06-12

Version number: GHS 1.0

For full text of abbreviations: see SECTION 16.

#### SECTION 4: First aid measures

#### 4.1 Description of first aid measures

#### **General notes**

Do not leave affected person unattended. Remove victim out of the danger area. Keep affected person warm, still and covered. Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. In all cases of doubt, or when symptoms persist, seek medical advice. In case of unconsciousness place person in the recovery position. Never give anything by mouth.

#### Following inhalation

If breathing is irregular or stopped, immediately seek medical assistance and start first aid actions. Provide fresh air.

#### Following skin contact

Wash with plenty of soap and water.

#### Following eye contact

Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Irrigate copiously with clean, fresh water for at least 10 minutes, holding the eyelids apart.

#### Following ingestion

Rinse mouth with water (only if the person is conscious). Do NOT induce vomiting.

#### 4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Symptoms and effects are not known to date.

## **4.3** Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed none

#### SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

#### 5.1 Extinguishing media

#### Suitable extinguishing media

water spray, alcohol resistant foam, BC-powder, carbon dioxide (CO2) **Unsuitable extinguishing media** 

water jet

#### 5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

#### Hazardous combustion products

nitrogen oxides (NOx), carbon monoxide (CO), carbon dioxide (CO2)

#### 5.3 Advice for firefighters

In case of fire and/or explosion do not breathe fumes. Co-ordinate firefighting measures to the fire surroundings. Do not allow firefighting water to enter drains or water courses. Collect contaminated firefighting water separately. Fight fire with normal precautions from a reasonable distance.



according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)

## A31 Wet Wax

Date of compilation: 2015-06-12

#### Version number: GHS 1.0

#### **SECTION 6: Accidental release measures**

#### 6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

- For non-emergency personnel
- Remove persons to safety.

#### For emergency responders

Wear breathing apparatus if exposed to vapours/dust/spray/gases.

#### 6.2 Environmental precautions

Keep away from drains, surface and ground water. Retain contaminated washing water and dispose it.

#### 6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

#### Advices on how to contain a spill

Covering of drains.

#### Advices on how to clean up a spill

Wipe up with absorbent material (e.g. cloth, fleece). Collect spillage (sawdust. , kieselgur (diatomite), sand, universal binder).

#### Appropriate containment techniques

Use of adsorbent materials.

#### Other information relating to spills and releases

Place in appropriate containers for disposal. Ventilate affected area.

#### **Reference to other sections**

Hazardous combustion products: see section 5. Personal protective equipment: see section 8. Incompatible materials: see section 10. Disposal considerations: see section 13.

#### SECTION 7: Handling and storage

#### 7.1 Precautions for safe handling

#### Recommendations

#### Measures to prevent fire as well as aerosol and dust generation

Use local and general ventilation. Use only in well-ventilated areas.

#### Advice on general occupational hygiene

Wash hands after use. Do not to eat, drink and smoke in work areas. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. Never keep food or drink in the vicinity of chemicals. Never place chemicals in containers that are normally used for food or drink. Keep away from food, drink and animal feedingstuffs.

#### 7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

#### Managing of associated risks

#### Incompatible substances or mixtures

Observe hints for combined storage.



according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)

### A31 Wet Wax

#### Version number: GHS 1.0

Date of compilation: 2015-06-12

#### Control of effects

• Protect against external exposure, such as

#### frost

#### Consideration of other advice

#### Packaging compatibilities

Only packagings which are approved (e.g. acc. to ADR) may be used.

#### 7.3 Specific end use(s)

See section 16 for a general overview.

#### SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

#### 8.1 Control parameters

#### **National limit values**

#### Occupational exposure limit values (Workplace Exposure Limits)

Coun- try	Name of agent	CAS No	Identifier	TWA [ppm]	TWA [mg/m³]	STEL [ppm]	STEL [mg/m³]	Source
EU	methyl isobutyl ketone	108-10-1	IOELV	10	40.8	20	81.6	2000/39/EC
UK	4-methylpentan-2-one	108-10-1	WEL	50	208	100	416	EH40/2005
UK	aromatics	8052-41-3	WEL		500			EH40/2005
UK	cycloalkanes (>C7)	8052-41-3	WEL		800			EH40/2005
UK	ethanol	64-17-5	WEL	1,000	1,920			EH40/2005
UK	normal and branched chain alkanes (>C7)	8052-41-3	WEL		1,200			EH40/2005
UK	normal and branched chain alkanes (C5-C6)	8052-41-3	WEL		1,800			EH40/2005
UK	propan-2-ol	67-63-0	WEL	400	999	500	1,250	EH40/2005

Notation

STEL Short-term exposure limit: a limit value above which exposure should not occur and which is related to a 15-minute period unless otherwise specified

TWA Time-weighted average (long-term exposure limit): measured or calculated in relation to a reference period of 8 hours timeweighted average

#### 8.2 Exposure controls

#### Appropriate engineering controls

### General ventilation.

Individual protection measures (personal protective equipment)

#### Eye/face protection

Wear eye/face protection.



according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)

### A31 Wet Wax

Version number: GHS 1.0

Date of compilation: 2015-06-12

#### Skin protection

#### hand protection

Wear suitable gloves. Chemical protection gloves are suitable, which are tested according to EN 374. Check leak-tightness/impermeability prior to use. In the case of wanting to use the gloves again, clean them before taking off and air them well. For special purposes, it is recommended to check the resistance to chemicals of the protective gloves mentioned above together with the supplier of these gloves.

#### other protection measures

Take recovery periods for skin regeneration. Preventive skin protection (barrier creams/ointments) is recommended. Wash hands thoroughly after handling.

#### **Respiratory protection**

In case of inadequate ventilation wear respiratory protection.

#### **Environmental exposure controls**

Use appropriate container to avoid environmental contamination. Keep away from drains, surface and ground water.

#### **SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties**

#### 9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance	
Physical state	liquid
Colour	light pink
Odour	fruity
Other physical and chemical parameters	
pH (value)	7.1 at 25 °C
Melting point/freezing point	not determined
Initial boiling point and boiling range	>65 °C at 1 atm
Flash point	68 °C at 101.3 kPa 154 °F at 1 atm
Evaporation rate	not determined
Flammability (solid, gas)	not relevant (fluid)
Explosive limits	
<ul> <li>lower explosion limit (LEL)</li> </ul>	1 vol%
upper explosion limit (UEL)	6 vol%
Vapour pressure	31.69 hPa at 25 °C
Density	0.98 $^{g}$ / <sub>cm<sup>3</sup></sub> 8.14 lbs/US Gal
Relative density	0.98 water = 1 at 25 °C
Solubility(ies)	not determined
Partition coefficient	
n-octanol/water (log KOW)	This information is not available.
Auto-ignition temperature	not determined
Viscosity	not determined
Explosive properties	none



according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)

### A31 Wet Wax

Date of compilation: 2015-06-12

Oxidising properties

none

#### **SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity**

#### 10.1 Reactivity

Version number: GHS 1.0

Concerning incompatibility: see below "Conditions to avoid" and "Incompatible materials".

- 10.2 Chemical stability See below "Conditions to avoid".
- **10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions** No known hazardous reactions.
- 10.4 Conditions to avoid

There are no specific conditions known which have to be avoided. **Physical stresses which might result in a hazardous situation and have to be avoided** strong shocks

10.5 Incompatible materials

There is no additional information.

#### 10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

Reasonably anticipated hazardous decomposition products produced as a result of use, storage, spill and heating are not known. Hazardous combustion products: see section 5.

#### **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

#### 11.1 Information on toxicological effects

Test data are not available for the complete mixture.

#### **Classification procedure**

The method for classification of the mixture is based on ingredients of the mixture (additivity formula).

#### Classification according to GHS (1272/2008/EC, CLP)

#### Acute toxicity

Shall not be classified as acutely toxic.

#### Skin corrosion/irritation

Shall not be classified as corrosive/irritant to skin.

#### Respiratory or skin sensitisation

Shall not be classified as a respiratory or skin sensitiser.

#### Summary of evaluation of the CMR properties

May cause genetic defects. May cause cancer. Shall not be classified as a reproductive toxicant. Specific target organ toxicity (STOT)

#### Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure

Shall not be classified as a specific target organ toxicant (single exposure).



according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)

## A31 Wet Wax

Version number: GHS 1.0

Date of compilation: 2015-06-12

#### Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure

Causes damage to organs (central nervous system) through prolonged or repeated exposure. Aspiration hazard

May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

#### **SECTION 12: Ecological information**

#### 12.1 Toxicity

Shall not be classified as hazardous to the aquatic environment.

#### 12.2 Process of degradability

Data are not available.

#### 12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

Data are not available.

#### Bioaccumulative potential of components of the mixture

Name of substance	CAS No	BCF	Log KOW	BOD5/COD
Stoddard Solvent	8052-41-3		7.15	

#### 12.4 Mobility in soil

Data are not available.

- **12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment** Data are not available.
- 12.6 Other adverse effects

Data are not available.

#### **SECTION 13: Disposal considerations**

#### 13.1 Waste treatment methods

#### Sewage disposal-relevant information

Do not empty into drains. Avoid release to the environment. Refer to special instructions/safety data sheets. Waste treatment of containers/packagings

It is a dangerous waste; only packagings which are approved (e.g. acc. to ADR) may be used. Completely emptied packages can be recycled. Handle contaminated packages in the same way as the substance itself.

#### 13.3 Remarks

Please consider the relevant national or regional provisions. Waste shall be separated into the categories that can be handled separately by the local or national waste management facilities.



according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)

### A31 Wet Wax

Date of compilation: 2015-06-12

Versior	number: GHS 1.0	Date of compilation: 2015-06-12		
SEC	TION 14: Transport information			
14.1	UN number			
14.2	UN proper shipping name	not relevant		
14.3	Transport hazard class(es)			
	Class	-		
14.4	Packing group	not relevant		
14.5	Environmental hazards			
14.6	Special precautions for user Provisions for dangerous goods (ADR	) should be complied within the premises.		
14.7	14.7 Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code The cargo is not intended to be carried in bulk.			
SEC	TION 15: Regulatory information			
15.1	Safety, health and environmental r	egulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture		

Relevant provisions of the European Union (EU)

• Limitation of emissions of volatile organic compounds due to the use of organic solvents in certain paints and varnishes and vehicle refinishing products (2004/42/EC, Deco-Paint Directive)

VOC content

• Directive on industrial emissions (VOCs, 2010/75/EU)

VOC content

#### National regulations (Switzerland)

Ordinance on the incentive tax on volatile organic compounds (VOCV) VOC content (object of taxation):

#### 15.2 Chemical Safety Assessment

Chemical safety assessments for substances in this mixture were not carried out.

33.65 %

28.79 %

#### **SECTION 16: Other information**

#### Abbreviations and acronyms

Abbr.	Descriptions of used abbreviations			
2000/39/EC	Comission Directive establishing a first list of indicative occupational exposure limit values in implementation of Council Directive 98/24/EC			
ADR	Accord européen relatif au transport international des marchandises dangereuses par route (European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road)			
Asp. Tox.	aspiration hazard			
BCF	BioConcentration Factor			
BOD	Biochemical Oxygen Demand			
Carc.	carcinogenicity			
CAS	Chemical Abstracts Service (service that maintains the most comprehensive list of chemical substances)			



according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)

## A31 Wet Wax

Date of compilation: 2015-06-12

Abbr.	Descriptions of used abbreviations
CLP	Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 on classification, labelling and packaging of substances and mixtures
CMR	Carcinogenic, Mutagenic or toxic for Reproduction
COD	chemical oxygen demand
EC No	The EC Inventory (EINECS, ELINCS and the NLP-list) is the source for the seven-digit EC number, an identifier of substances commercially available within the EU (European Union)
EH40/2005	EH40/2005 Workplace exposure limits, Table 1: List of approved workplace exposure limits (http://www.nationalarchives.gov.uk/doc/open-government-licence/)
GHS	"Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals" developed by the United Nations
log KOW	n-octanol/water
MARPOL	International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships (abbr. of "Marine Pollutant)
Muta.	germ cell mutagenicity
PBT	Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic
ppm	parts per million
REACH	Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals
STOT RE	specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure
VOC	Volatile Organic Compounds
vPvB	very Persistent and very Bioaccumulative
Xn	harmful

#### Key literature references and sources for data

- Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH), amended by 453/2010/EU Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 (CLP, EU GHS)

#### **Classification procedure**

Physical and chemical properties: The classification is based on tested mixture. Health hazards/environmental hazards: The method for classification of the mixture is based on ingredients of the mixture (additivity formula).

#### List of relevant phrases (code and full text as stated in chapter 2 and 3)

Code	Text
H304	may be fatal if swallowed and enters airways
H340	may cause genetic defects
H350	may cause cancer
H372	causes damage to organs (central nervous system) through prolonged or repeated exposure
R45	may cause cancer
R46	may cause heritable genetic damage
R48/20	harmful: danger of serious damage to health by prolonged exposure through inhalation
R65	harmful: may cause lung damage if swallowed

## Version number: GHS 1.0



# Safety Data Sheet according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)

### A31 Wet Wax

Version number: GHS 1.0

Date of compilation: 2015-06-12

#### Disclaimer

This information is based upon the present state of our knowledge. This SDS has been compiled and is solely intended for this product.